

# Hydrologic alteration and riparian vegetation in Spain

# Riparian corridor restoration and flood policy in Scotland

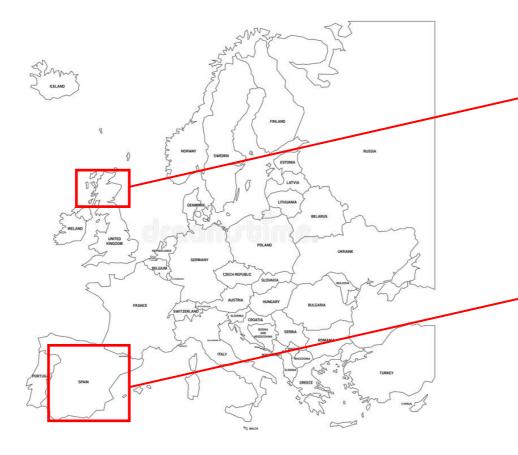


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Belgrade, Serbia, 4-5 Sept 2019



#### Intro



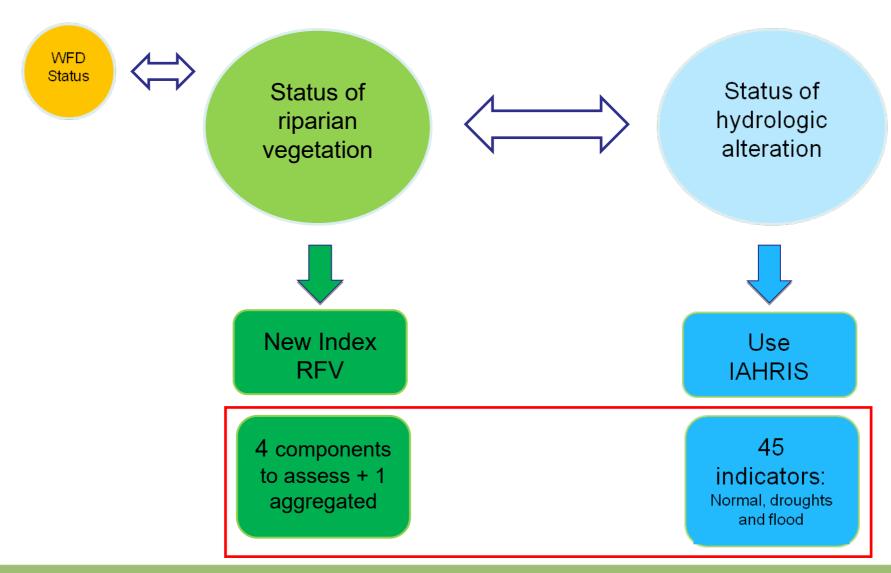


Scotland: SEPA, river restoration

Spain: PhD rip vegetation and hydrologic alteration



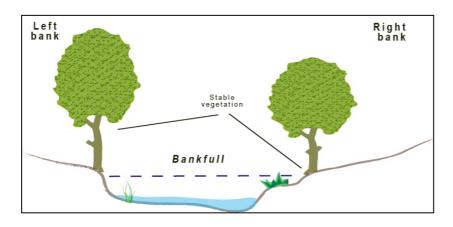
#### Hydrologic alteration and riparian vegetation in Spain

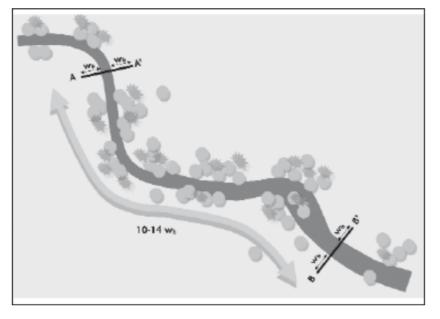






### Riparian Index: RFV





	Clasificación	
RFV Longitudinal	5 clases	
RFV Transversal	5 clases	
RFV Structure	5 clases	
RFV regeneration	5 clases	
RFV aggregated	5 clases	

5 clases:
High →Good → Moderate →Poor → Bad
(5) (4) (3) (2) (1)



### **IAHRIS:** Hydrologic alteration

Software: http://ambiental.cedex.es/hidromorfologia-iahris.php





### Study area (mostly Mediterranean)

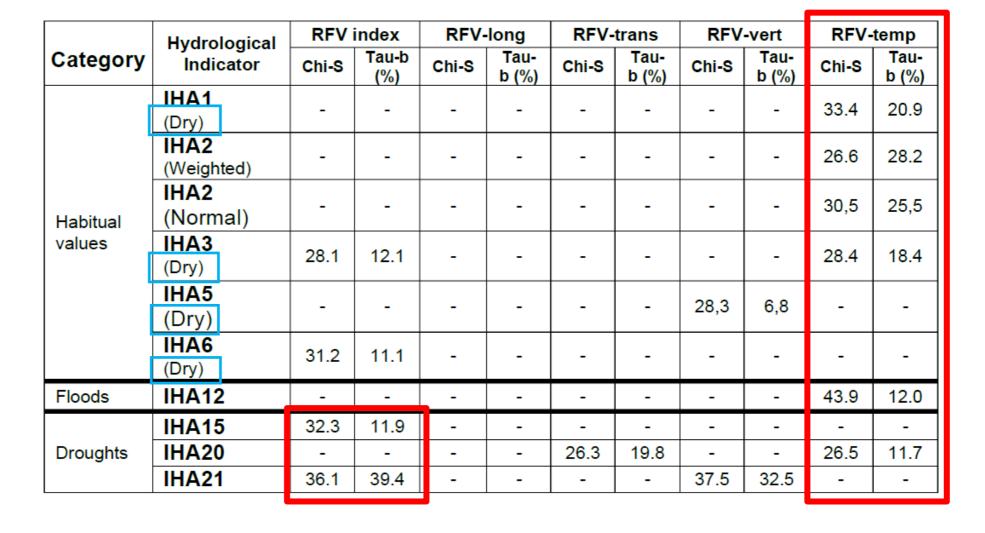


Cuenca	Masas agua (Alt. Hidrológ.)	Masas agua (RFV)
Cantábrico	8	31
Miño-Sil	9	24
Guadalquivi r	21	32
Guadiana	4	23
Duero	23	40
Tajo	22	32
Total	87	182





### Statistical comparison: IHA and RFV







## Results: relationship between vegetation and hydrologic alteration

- The **regeneration of the riparian forest** is the most sensitive component to the hydrologic alteration. (low flows, droughts and floods).
- Management of flows during dry periods and drought is key to minimise the impact of flow regulation on the status of riparian vegetation.
- The longitudinal component (first band) of the riparian vegetation is not significantly altered. There is not severe impacts from regulated flows. Two reasons could be associated with this (i) Spanish regulation via Hydraulic Public Domain (MMA, 2008), protecting this space from human activities, and (ii) the first band of riparian vegetation is more resilient to different stressors due to its proximity to water.





### WFD Status and riparian vegetation

 There is a lack of significant relationship between the WFD ecological status and the status of the riparian vegetation (only transversal component is correlated).

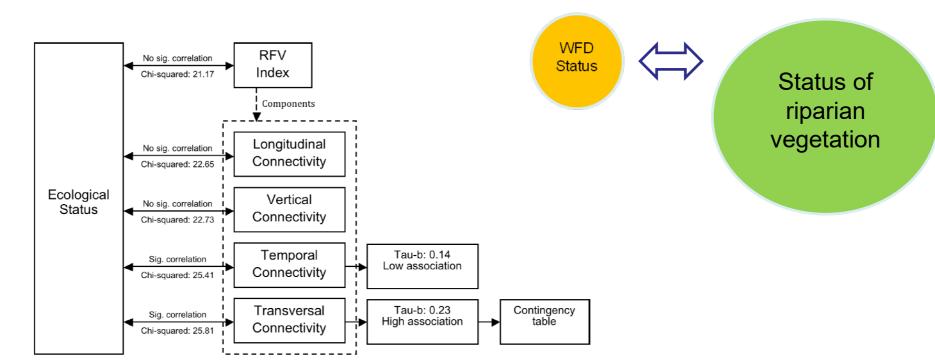
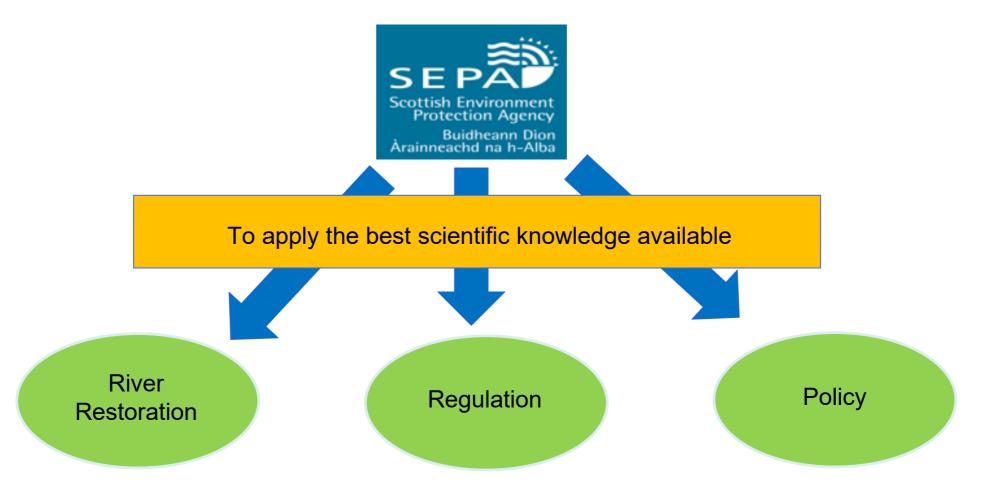


Figure 1 Results of the statistical analysis: correlations between ecological status and status of riparian vegetation.





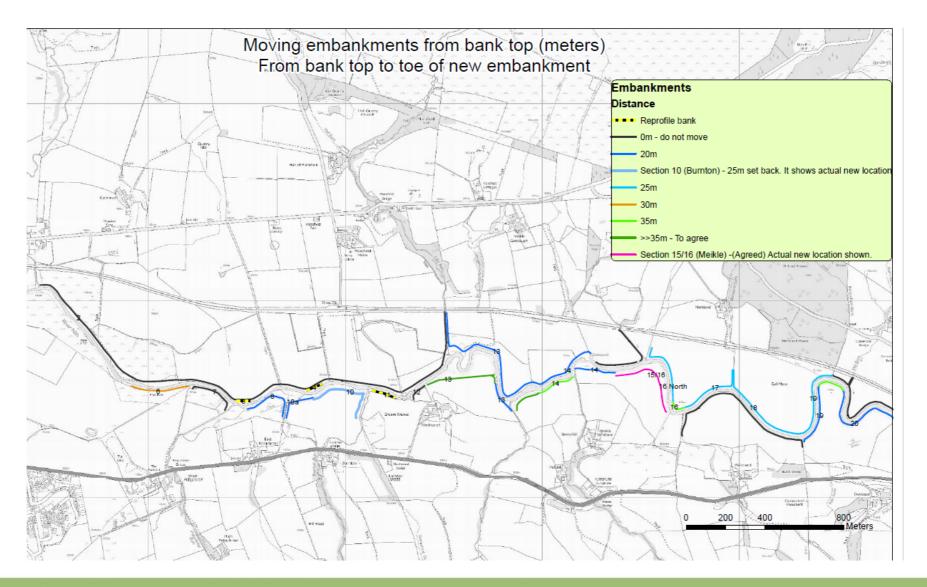
# Scotland: Obstacles and opportunities from an regulator perspective







#### **River restoration River Nith**







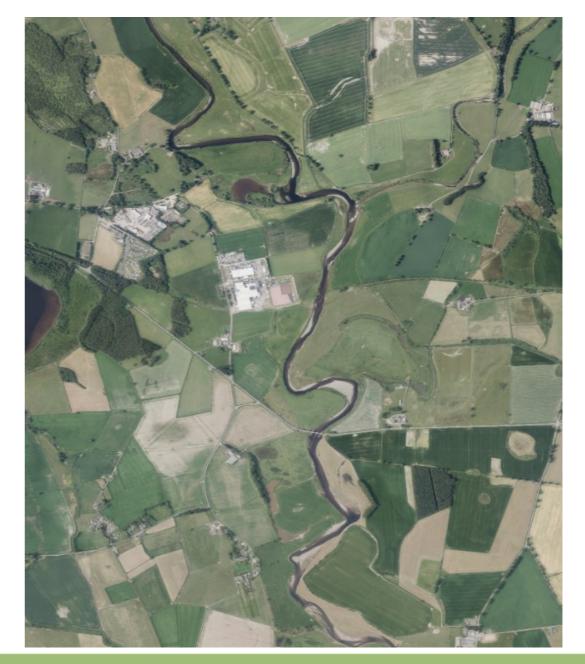


### Regulation



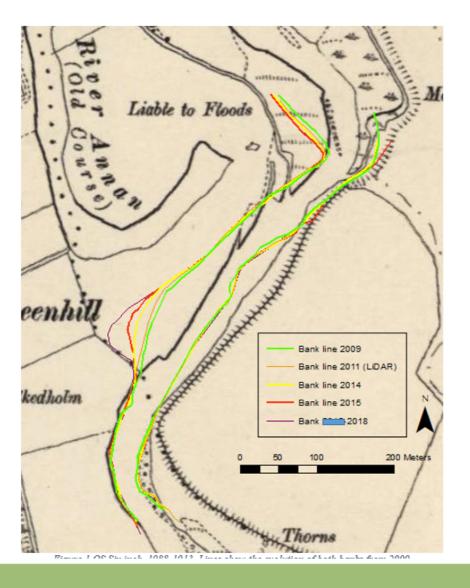


### Regulation





### Regulation









### **Regulation: Videos**

- Resources:
  - Guidance
  - Rules
  - Videos:
- https
   ://www.sepa.org.uk/regulations/water/engineering/sustainable-riverbank-protection/







## Policy: Obstacles for riparian restoration. Flood Risk



















# Money! Overcoming obstacles through climate change measures.

#### **Scottish Conservation Finance Project**

- 'More investment in nature conservation is urgently needed '
- It is about identifying nature-based solutions that deliver multiple benefits protecting and restoring biodiversity and healthy ecosystems as the
  foundation of our prosperity and wellbeing.
- Riverwoods: A Scotland-wide network of riverbank woodland, plus 'in-river' restoration. This has the potential to deliver a wide range of economic benefits, including flood mitigation, water quality improvements, water cooling, carbon sequestration and biodiversity benefits.



- Thank you!
- Roberto.Martinez@sepa.org.uk





- Thesis link
- https://www.researchgate.net/publication/
  291971207\_Estudio\_del\_estado\_de\_la\_vegetacion\_de\_ribera\_e
  n\_la\_Espana\_peninsular\_Implicaciones\_de\_la\_alteracion\_hidrol
  ogica\_y\_herramientas\_para\_su\_manejo\_y\_gestion
- RFV
- https://www.researchgate.net/publication/
  264277471\_Evaluating\_the\_quality\_of\_riparian\_forest\_vegetation\_The\_Riparian\_Forest\_Evaluation\_RFV\_index

